

THE GAZETTE.

JANESVILLE, FRIDAY, JANUARY 17.

THE OPPOSITION TO INDIAN COMMISSIONER MORGAN.

A correspondent who does not seem to be well informed in regard to the charges made against Dr. Morgan, the commissioner of Indian affairs, wants to know something of the trouble between the commissioner and the Catholics. Some two or three weeks ago the Gazette gave a brief statement of the case, but will here give some additional facts which cannot fail to be of interest to the general reader. But to show the spirit of the Catholics against Dr. Morgan, the Gazette will reproduce from the Catholic World, the following paragraph:

Every effort possible should be made by Catholics to prevent the confirmation of Morgan to the post of Indian commissioner. His confirmation means the destruction of Catholicism among the red men. The danger is imminent and pressing. Let Catholics bestir themselves to defeat the man whose aim is to destroy the faith amongst Catholic Indians. Let them see that the senators who represent them just as much as other American citizens vote against the proposed effort of a bigoted bigot to string Catholic interests in the Indian missions. Morgan's plan is spacious and insidious. He proposes to place the Indian schools upon the same basis as the public schools. This seems to appeal to the American sense of justice—no favor to any sect or nation. But this man would do this out of sheer hatred to Catholicity. Is he for an instant to be tolerated?

It will appear very clear to an unprejudiced and an intelligent person, when all the facts are known, that the World is not justified in making this attack on the Indian commissioner.

There are two classes of Indian schools in the United States. One is supported by the government, and the other is maintained by contract between the government and religious denominations. The United States has been very generous in the amounts awarded to the contract schools, and the amounts have been gradually increasing for in 1880 it was \$174,819, in 1887, it was \$204,774, in 1889 it reached \$476,190, and for the year ending June 30th, 1890, the amount awarded had reached \$500,000. It would seem that our Catholic friends should not complain of the distribution of this money, for of these awards the Catholic church received for the respective years given above, \$118,243, \$194,635, \$347,672, and \$386,491, taking the lion's share of all the awards! When the Catholic church receives seven-tenths of the whole sum allotted to the Indian schools under contract, leaving only three-tenths to be divided among all Protestant denominations, the Catholics ought to thank God and the government of the United States that Catholicity is so highly favored in this country.

There has been a tendency on the part of the government to pay more attention to the contract schools, and from this reason the number of Indian children enrolled in the government schools fell from 10,178 in 1888 to 9,600 in 1889, while in the contract schools the number increased from 5,039 in 1888 to 6,124 in 1889. Dr. Morgan has shown no spirit of antagonism against the Catholic schools. As the Gazette stated the other day, there had been during the past year more Protestant teachers changed or dismissed than Catholics, so that the Catholic church cannot find fault on account of prejudice. It is utterly foolish for the Catholic World or any other Catholic newspaper, to charge that the appointment of Dr. Morgan means the destruction of Catholicity among the Indians. How can it mean any such thing when the government is actually increasing its allotment to Catholic Indian schools?

The government of the United States is very much too generous with its benefactions to sectarian schools among the red men. It should abolish them entirely, and put them all under the charge of the government.

A LACK OF MORAL COURAGE.

The democratic accounts, printed in English, report that it was agreed at the meeting of the democratic state committee on Wednesday night that the party should ignore the Bennett law and allow the republicans to settle that question among themselves. On the other hand the Beebe reports that there was a lively discussion on the Bennett law which "Goy Board and his rabid followers fared badly." It is not easy to see how the party can ignore the Bennett law. Its opponents declare they will vote only for candidates who are for its repeal. Will democratic candidates refuse to commit themselves on this issue? It is not probable, if they think that votes are to be gained or lost by picking themselves for or against it. How then can it be ignored?—*Minneapolis Sentinel.*

On this question of defending the principle of teaching English in parish schools to the children of foreign born parents, the democrats will run and hide. On the question of education they are peculiar American citizens. It is all policy with the democrats. They stand in need of votes just as they do of the courage of their convictions. They are afraid of the patriotic and philanthropic principles of the Bennett law. If they thought they could make votes by supporting it, they would do that. If they thought they would capture more votes by denouncing it, they would do that. But as they are in doubt as to which way to turn for votes, they will try to remain neutral. The spirit of the justice of the law is nothing to the democrats. They care nothing about it. They don't care whether German or Polish children are trained in the English language or not, or whether the Bennett law is voted up or voted down.

This will be the condition of the democrats in the next state campaign, so far as it is possible to be. Just how the English and the German democratic papers will make things harmonious and

pleasant, the former skulking on the Bennett law and the latter fighting it, it is difficult to tell. Verily, the way of a cowardly party is hard.

The death of no young man in the United States for many years, excepting probably that of Allen Thorndike Rice, creates so much genuine sorrow as that of Mr. Walker Blaine. He was only 34 years old, and yet he had filled several important public positions. He was third assistant secretary of state for some time, and then went to South America on a special mission to use the good offices of the United States to bring about a settlement of the trouble between Chile and Peru. There he was sent to Bolivia as chargé d'affaires, then came the office of assistant counsel of the court of Alabama claims. When the present administration began, he accepted the office of solicitor of the state department. Walker Blaine was a young man of splendid abilities, an accomplished scholar, a fine public speaker, had a commanding presence, and withal he had an integrity of manhood that claimed the warm friendship and special admiration of all who knew him. His national reputation was made on his exceptional abilities and manly character, and not because he was the son of his father.

The commissioner of labor statistics of this state, Mr. Stark, has completed the inspection of the factories of the state, outside of the city of Milwaukee. The factories thus inspected number 1,502. The total number of horse-power running these factories is 134,780; 50,611 being water-power and 84,169 steam-power. The total number of engines used in the factories is 1,392, and of boilers, 2,151. The total number of male factory employees outside of Milwaukee is 53,903. The total number of female employees is 4,117. Female employees under 16 years of age number 179, and the number of boys under 14 employed is 145. The female labor forms 73 per cent of the total. In case of females under 16 and boys under 14 employed, they are mostly children employed during vacation, and who attend school the rest of the year.

Congressman Casswell has returned to Washington, reaching there on Thursday. A Washington dispatch says: "Mr. Casswell will at once begin work in the committee on judiciary, toward getting the direct tax bill reported to the house and getting favorable reports on several other measures in which he is interested. His chairmanship of the committee on private land claims will also take up much of his time." Mr. Casswell, who has been ill for some time, is in a comparatively comfortable condition, although she has been extremely low for many weeks. On account of her dangerous illness Mr. Casswell has been compelled to remain by her bedside most of the time since congress convened.

The confession of John Kahni who murdered William Christen in Dane county a year ago last December, proves that it was one of the most horrible murders ever known in the state. The plea that Kahni committed the murder because Christen laughed at some of the blasphemous stories, seems to have no foundation. Kahni is a thoroughly bad man. It seems that he once attacked his father on a highway in Switzerland, and robbed him of his money. He was also guilty of other crimes before he came to this country. Judge Bennett sentenced Kahni to the state prison for life.

An item of special interest is furnished by the Manitowish Pilot, a democratic newspaper, in regard to compulsory education. It says that the first compulsory school law in this state was due to the persistent efforts of the Germans. It also says that "over one-half of the population of Manitowish county is German, but its public schools may well challenge comparison with those of any county in the state. There is not a town in this county in which Col. Krez would dare to say ought against the public schools. There is nothing which they should guard more jealously."

A paragraph in an eastern paper says "newspaper men in the far west are discussing the question, Who discovered Bill Nye? It doesn't seem to have occurred to any of them that perhaps Bill discovered himself." Public men of note are sharp enough to discover themselves, but it will be conceded by our democratic friends that had it not been for Mr. Lookwood's discovery there would not have been a democratic president elected in 1884.

A Chicago paper claims that there is a good deal of ignorance among the democratic papers of American history. To be sure there is. The democrats want to be ignorant of history. There is nothing that the democratic leaders are more in terror of than they are of the history of the past thirty years. It is a piece of history that galls them.

TO OUTWIT PICKPOCKETS.

Don't wear chaineau watches.
Don't judge strangers by their dress.
Don't carry a pocketbook in your hand.
Don't carry valuables in your outer coat.
Don't stand long in the same spot in a crowd.
Don't make too great a display of your jewelry.
Don't wear a watch in a pocket on outside of dress.
Don't go into a crowd with your outer coat unbuttoned.
Don't carry a pocketbook in a loose pocket which hangs away from the person.
Don't forget that you are just as likely as anybody else to be a victim of pickpockets.

Don't lay your hand-bag containing your pocketbook on the counter of the store while you walk across the room to examine goods.

—Outwits and seek business suits in great variety and at living prices at Zeigler's.

FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR.

A SHARP FIGHT IN THE NATIONAL HOUSE.

Friends of Chicago Fitted Against the Combined Strength of Other Cities.
—National Capital Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—In the House Mr. McKinley of Ohio, from the committee on rules, reported a resolution for the appointment of a committee on the world's fair, to consist of thirteen members, which committee shall within three days report a plan by which the House can determine the site of the proposed fair, and subsequently report a bill providing for the fair.

Mr. Cannon of Illinois, as the minority of the committee, reported a substitute resolution as follows:

"Whereas, On the 18th and 20th days of December and at other times the House referred to the committee on foreign affairs divers bills, petitions and memorials touching the projected world's fair of 1892, thereby giving full jurisdiction to that committee of the whole subject-matter, and said committee has given exhaustive consideration to the same;

"Resolved, That the committee on foreign affairs be instructed to report a resolution providing a method of selecting the locality of the world's fair of 1892, by a vote of the House of Representatives.

"1. Whether said fair shall be held east or west of the Allegheny mountains.

"2. The selection of the place for the location of said fair.

"After such vote shall have been taken the committee at the earliest possible day shall report a bill providing for a world's fair to be held at the place selected as above provided.

An exciting discussion ensued in which Messrs. Hitt of Illinois, Morrow of California, Springer of Illinois, McGowan of Kentucky, Sherman of Michigan, and Hooker of Mississippi, spoke in favor of Mr. Cannon's amendment, while Messrs. Hatch of Missouri, Frank of Maine, and Payne of New York spoke in favor of the majority report.

Mr. Butterworth of Ohio sided with Chicago and said the reason New York wanted a new deal was because she had a bad hand.

At 4:15 p. m. Mr. Cannon, having modified his resolution by striking out the requirements that the first vote should be taken on locating the fair east of the Allegheny mountains, offered it as a substitute for the resolution reported by Mr. McKinley, and it was apparently defeated by a vote of 140 to 142.

It is due almost entirely to the unflinching watchfulness of Mr. Springer that Chicago was not cheated out of the votes which were cast for Cannon's proposition. The telling clerks wanted to declare Cannon's motion lost by 140 to 142, but Springer had carefully kept an independent tally and showed that the motion was carried by 137 to 134. The motion to adopt the main resolution, made agreeable to Chicago by Cannon's amendment, resulted in a tie vote and would have been lost had Springer not risen to the occasion and by changing his vote gained the opportunity to move a reconsideration.

The motion to reconsider will be voted upon Friday when the allied opponents of Chicago will do all in their power to defeat the amended resolution and adopt the original resolution providing for the special committee. It may be that the allies will win, but it is by no means certain, and even if they should it will still have been demonstrated that Chicago is about as strong in the House as all the other candidates combined, and her hand will be better than ever.

A motion to make Chicago or New York or any other city the site of the world's fair could not possibly muster the same compass of votes as Thursday's vote makes it practically certain that Chicago will get the world's fair. If not an absolute majority she has a large plurality of votes in the House, and she is even stronger in the Senate where Illinois or even South Dakota can cast a vote equal to that of New York. If the proposition to keep the subject with the committee on foreign affairs should prevail, Speaker Reed would still have the power to reconsider the conclusion of the world's fair attempt to do anything so revolutionary.

As an indication of where Chicago's strength lies the following statement of the vote in her favor by States will prove interesting:

Alabama, 3; Arkansas, 5; Colorado, 1; North Dakota, 1; South Dakota, 2; Florida, 2; Georgia, 2; Illinois, 15; Indiana, 5; Iowa, 10; Kansas, 6; Kentucky, 4; Maryland, 1; Massachusetts, 2; Michigan, 1; Mississippi, 1; Missouri, 12; New Hampshire, 2; New York, 24; New Jersey, 1; New Mexico, 1; Ohio, 2; Pennsylvania, 7; Rhode Island, 2; South Carolina, 2; Texas, 4; West Virginia, 1; Washington, 1; Wisconsin, 7.

By States the vote against Chicago was:

Alabama, 5; Arkansas, 5; Colorado, 1; Delaware, 1; Georgia, 2; Illinois, 3; Kansas, 1; Kentucky, 5; Louisiana, 1; Maryland, 1; Massachusetts, 2; Michigan, 1; Mississippi, 1; Missouri, 12; New Hampshire, 2; New York, 24; New Jersey, 1; New Mexico, 1; Ohio, 2; Pennsylvania, 7; Rhode Island, 2; South Carolina, 2; Texas, 4; West Virginia, 1; Washington, 1; Wisconsin, 7.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The annual session of the National Association of Glass-Workers here was called to order by President W. E. Smith of Alton, Ill.

The annual election of officers resulted as follows: President, W. E. Smith, Alton, Ill.; secretary, Thomas Sennott, Glasboro, N. J.; treasurer, J. T. Gorsuch, Zanesville, Ohio. The eastern sub-association elected T. W. Sennott secretary and William Brookfield president. The association will remain in session several days.

A Flee for Free Mice.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—H. T. Richardson of New York was the only witness to appear before the ways and means committee this morning. He represented the stove-makers of the United States, and presented a petition signed by them asking that mice be retained on the free list, on the ground that to place a duty upon that article would be to burden the manufacturing interests.

A Considerate President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The President has not yet signed the proclamation opening the Sioux lands in South Dakota and may not do so until spring, as he is averse to compelling would-be settlers to camp out during winter and thus subject themselves to bad weather.

Many Extend Sympathy.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—A constant stream of prominent persons called at the Blaine mansion to-day to extend their sympathy. No arrangements have yet been made for the funeral of Walker Blaine.

Walker Blaine's Funeral.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The funeral of Mr. Walker Blaine will take place from the Church of the Covenant Saturday at 11 o'clock a. m. The interment will be at Oak Hill cemetery.

ALLISON REMINISCED.

Iowa's Senior Senator Again Honored by His Party.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 17.—The Republican Senatorial caucus was held here last night. There were present seventy-two members, the absentees being Senators Caldwell and McCoy and Representative Gardner, Lane, and Smith, all on account of sickness. Each sent a message declaring his fidelity to Allison.

Barrett, the independent, who was expected to appear in the caucus, was absent. After the presentation of Senator Allison's SENATORIAL ADDRESS, name by Representative Walden and short speeches in support of his candidacy by several members, the roll was called and the ballot resulted in a unanimous vote for Allison, who was accordingly declared the nominee of the caucus.

After the nomination Senator Allison was brought in and delivered a brief address, in which he thanked the members of the caucus for their support.

The deadlock continues.

DES MOINES, Jan. 17.—In the House Thursday seats were drawn by lot, the democrats and independents all going on one side of the chamber and the republicans on the other. Mr. Chanty, of Mills, offered a resolution that the present officers of the House be deemed temporary officers, and that a caucus of both parties select each as a committee on credentials to report the members entitled to seats, such members to be sworn in, and the House proceed thereon to permanent organization. The proposition was not accepted, and the House proceeded with the roll call for temporary clerk. The vote stood 47 to 47, whereupon the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—In the Senate, after the introduction of miscellaneous business, Mr. Butler began a speech on his bill to provide for the emigration of the negroes of the South, at government expense, under the direction of the quarter-master-general of the army, and appropriating \$5,000,000 to carry out the purpose of the bill. At the conclusion of Senator Butler's remarks Senator Pasco gave notice that he would at an early day address the Senate upon the question of federal control of Presidential elections, and then Senator Hoar addressed the Senate in response to Mr. Butler.

The Senate on the conclusion of Mr. Hoar's speech went into executive session, and adjourned. A large number of confirmations were announced, among them that of Chris Mamer to be collector of internal revenue for the First district of Illinois.

The Senate has passed a concurrent resolution reported from the committee on finance, requesting the Secretary of the Treasury not to take any steps toward a new lease of the seal fisheries until after Feb. 20.

Among the bills presented to the Senate and placed on the calendar was one to increase the appropriation for a public building and site at Milwaukee to \$2,000,000.

SECRETARY BLAINE VERY ILL.

Fears that He Will Never Get Over the Loss of His Favorite Son.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The condition of Secretary Blaine is exciting the apprehension of his friends, who fear that he will never recover from the blow caused by the loss of his son Walker. The Secretary has paroxysms of grief and it is with difficulty he restrains himself. For the last few years Walker was so invaluable to him that his death leaves the Secretary almost distracted.

Mr. Blaine was not a man who attended to details, and those he had been in the habit of leaving to Walker, who had in his hands all the loose ends of his father's business and knew just what was going on and what matters the Secretary desired to consider and take up. There is nobody now to take his place, as Emerson is in business and James G. Jr., is not settled enough to be trusted with important matters of any kind.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The following nominations have been confirmed by the Senate:

Civil service commissioners—Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, and Hugh S. Thompson, of South Carolina.

Solicitor of internal revenue—Alphonso Hart, of Ohio.

United States judges—Augustus J. Ricks, northern district of Ohio; Alonzo J. Edgerton, South Dakota.

Chief justices of Territorial Supreme courts—James H. Beatty, Idaho; Willis Van De Venter, of Wyoming.

United States attorneys—William B. Sterling, district of South Dakota; Fremont Wood, district of Idaho.

Glass-Workers' Convention.

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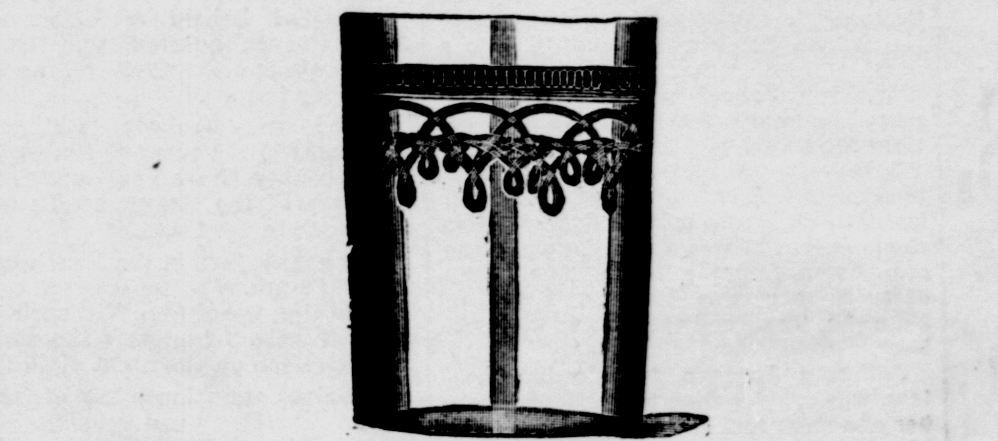
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THE MAGNET

Do you know that The Magnet is The Great Bargain Store!

Of the city. Look at some of the Goods they handle.



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butter dishes, spoon holders, pickle jars sugar bowls, tumblers, goblets, salt cellars, casters, mugs tooth pick holders, spoon holders, fruit dishes, cake stands, bread plates, finger bowls, wine glasses, sauce dishes, sirup cups, pitchers, celery glasses and a great variety of goods at surprisingly low prices



Crockery and China!

Beakfast, dinner and tea plates, cups and saucers, soap plates, sauce dishes, gravy boots butter dishes, pickle dishes, covered dishes, platters, cake plates, butter plates, platters, pitchers, tea plates, bone dishes, sugar bowls, creamers, bowls, complete sets of china and a great variety of odd pieces.

TINWARE.

Wash basins, candle sticks, oil cans, dippers, cake cutters, funnels; graters, stew kettles, tea kettles, pails, cups dish pans, milk pans stew pans, muffin pans, jelly tins, coffee and tea pots, pie plates, strainers, and many other useful articles at prices that defy competition.

House keeping supplies in endless variety and at prices that will surprise you.

School Supplies

Pencils, pen holders, pens, tablets, pass books slates, in fact everything that school children need, very cheap.

Handkerchiefs and Mufflers.

Great variety at reduced prices. Can please all classes of buyers.

RIBBONS - Largest stock in the city at lowest prices. - RIBBONS

Ladies' all wool hose at 27c; Childrens all wool hose 15c. Men's all wool hose 20 to 40c. Ladies' fast black and colored hose, 3 pair for 25c. Ladies' Lisle and extra Balbriggan for 25 cents.

CORSETS.

Loomer's Patent Steam Molded—the only corsets in the world that are steam molded. For 38, 63, 75, and 98c; former price \$0.85, \$1.00, and \$1.25. Special for a few days.

Ladies' Underwear.

Fine Merino only 38c. Children's 20 cents up.

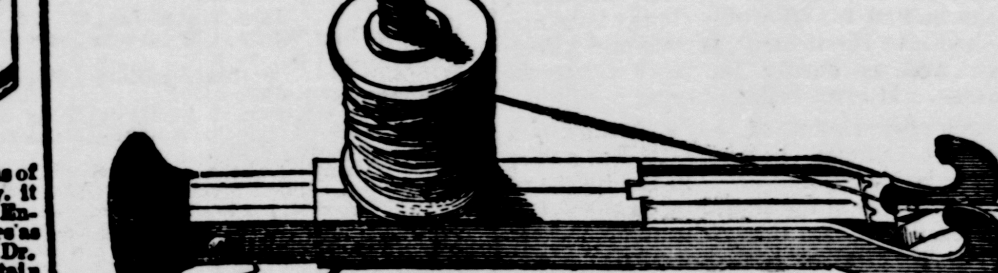
Stationery.

Fancy boxes for 21c. Special. Perfumery.

The largest stock in the city of choice perfumery at the lowest price

Toys and a great variety of other goods at a bargain.

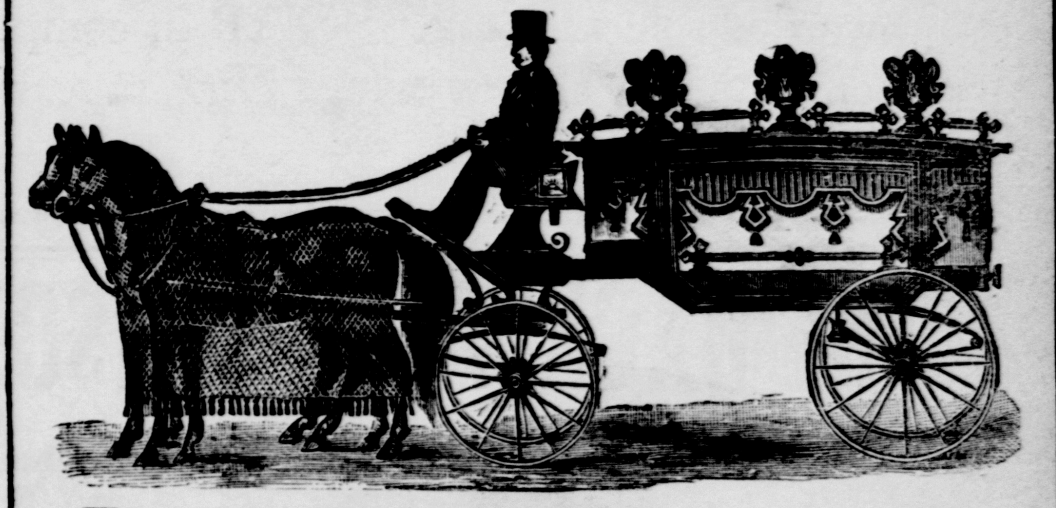
THE Hand Embroiderer



We have the exclusive agency for the city and county for this little machine, which accomplishes more work in one hour than can be done in ten hours by hand, and the work is equally as fine. We have samples of the work on exhibition, in velvet, silk and worsted. The machines have always sold for \$3.00. Our price is \$1.00. Don't forget to call at

THE MAGNET.

UNDERTAKING!



We are fully prepared to attend to Embalming and Undertaking.

A Complete Stock of Caskets and Coffins

PRICES REASONABLE

A FIRST CLASS LIVERY IN CONNECTION WITH THE BUSINESS

Call and see us. We can save you money.

NELSON BROS.

Court Street, Janesville Wis. Telephone No. 50. Open all hours of the night.

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OF A SELECT, ON FROM OUR LINE OF

"Red Cross Stoves and Ranges"

Would be about right; or should this be too much of a good thing, how would a pair of the Celebrated Clauss Shears and Scissors.

"Every pair warranted", or a nice Blade Pearl Handle Pocket Knife, for 5 cents, or a nice PAIR OF SKATES or HAND SLED OR A NICE

Bed Room Suite or a Nice Lounge,

"At cost to close". A nice line of Tea and Coffee Pots, and lots of other things too numerous to mention. Come and look at

GRISWOLD & SANBORN.

Repairs for Badger Stoves and Ranges

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At the Insurance and Real Estate office Room 10, second floor in the Jackson Block, is represented the old, strong

Leading Insurance Companies!

OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.

They can truthfully be said to be

TIME - TRIED AND - FIRE - TESTED;

ALSO THE

Travelers' Accident Insurance Company,

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am,

SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

UNDERTAKING!

J. L. FORD.

From now until March 10th is

Our Bargain Time.

If you want anything in the way of

FINE DRESS SUIT, FINE DRESS VEST, FINE DRESS PANT,

OR A NICE

BUSINESS SUIT, BUSINESS PANT,

OR A

Nobby Overcoat

Be sure and give us a call, because

We do only First class work,

Keep only First class Goods,

AND WILL GIVE YOU

Rock Bottom Prices

This is also true of our

WINTER HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR,

CAPS, GLOVES, MITTENS,

Special Inducements to Close.

Our line of

Good morning!

Paris Exposition, 1889.

Pears obtained the only gold medal awarded solely for toilet SOAP in competition with all the world. Highest possible distinction.

THE BACKWARD SEASON,

Has left us with a larger stock, than we ought to have, and as we are positively

Going Out of Business.

We shall for the next few days offer the balance of our stock at

Almost Any Price to Close Them Out.

We have an extra good assortment in fine quality

Clothing and Overcoats!

And you can now buy a good Cassimere, or Worsted Suit or Overcoat for yourself or children for a less price than others ask you for a shoddy printed Satinet. There is no use talking,

WE HAVE TO SELL THE GOODS

as on February 1st we dissolve the firm, and all goods remaining then will be sold at Public Sale to dealers!

Our Stock of Dry Goods

Is still complete and buyers can find some extraordinary bargains for the next three weeks. No matter what you need, whether in

DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, CLOAKS, BLANKETS, SHAWLS, KNIT GOODS, FLANNELS,

or Clothing for your self and boys, call at the old reliable Chicago Bargain Store and buy at your own prices. The Chicago Bargain Store never advertises impossibilities, or tries to make you believe black is white as has been the rule among certain clothing dealers this fall, but shall endeavor to keep up our reputation of a fair and square dealing concern as long as we continue in business in Janesville, and until we close

our doors; we ask you to come in and buy the greatest bargains in Dry Goods or Clothing ever offered in Janesville.

CHICAGO BARGAIN STORE.

SPECIAL SALE Ice wool, Three balls for 10 cents. Twenty-five fine Cloaks worth \$25.00 at \$5.00 each. 1 1/2 square oil cloth for 48c.



J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

ON TUESDAY, The 14th, we will make

A Great Spread Sale.

A SPREAD FIT FOR A KING,

we will sell

AT \$2.50.

Our lowest for this sale will be \$1.75.

Any Spread we offer in this sale is

worth just double.

SEEING--A positive proof--a convincer--that we are attempting no "wool pulling." It will pay anyone to be on hand on TUESDAY morning and attend this counterpane sale.

SIX ON THE SCAFFOLD.

WHOLESALE HANGING AT FORT SMITH, ARK.

Crimes for Which the Murderers Were Executed.—The Capital Punishment in Arkansas.

Fort Smith, Ark., Jan. 17.—The six condemned men were hanged here at 12:12 p. m. Thursday. Their names and the crimes of which they were guilty appear in the following sketch: The murder for which Austin paid so dearly was atrocious and unprovoked. On the 25th of May, 1887, in the town of Tishomingo, Chickasaw Nation, he killed Thomas Elliott, a white man, deliberately shooting him three times without provocation. The murder occurred in broad daylight, and was witnessed by several parties. Austin was a full-blooded Chickasaw Indian, and a splendid specimen of physical manhood, weighing about 200 pounds.

John Billy, Thomas Willis, and Madison James were all full-blooded Choctaws, and were convicted jointly of the murder of a white man, who was supposed to be A. B. Williams. The principal witness was another Indian named Graham, who saw the murder committed. The crime was committed on the 12th of April, 1888, and on the 8th of January last Deputy Marshal Ben Cranston arrested Graham, who gave the whole thing away and became a State witness at the trial.

Madison James' sentence was commuted to imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term of fifteen years. Sam Goin and Jimmon Burris, full-blooded Choctaws, were hanged here last, Jim Goin also being a defendant in the case, but he was acquitted while the others were found guilty. The victim of these men was Houston Joyce, of Franklin, Tex., and the motive was robbery.

Jefferson Jones, a full-blooded Choctaw, was convicted on the 14th of October of a most foul and dastardly murder, his victim being an old man 65 years of age, named Henry Wilson. On the 13th of March last the old man started on foot from a point near La Flore, Choctaw Nation, his destination being Polk county, Ark. Not far from his home a searching party traced him as far as Isaac Winton's, where he stopped the first night, but after leaving there no trace of him could be found.

The mountains were scoured with results. Then the case was reported to the United States authorities, and Deputy Marshal Barnhill was sent out for the missing man. He searched for him in the gun carried by Wilson at the house of George Beams, who said Jefferson Jones had killed the white man and left the gun at his house. Jefferson was arrested and acknowledged the whole thing.

KUHNI PLEADS GUILTY.

The Dane County, Wisconsin, Murderer Sentenced to State Prison for Life.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 17.—John Kuhn, charged with the murder of William Christian, in the town of Primrose, Dec. 12, 1888, was arraigned in the Circuit court here, pleaded guilty and was immediately sentenced to imprisonment for life in the State's prison at Waupun. He received his sentence unmoved.

The crime was the most atrocious ever committed in Dane county, and at the time attracted widespread attention.

A HORRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Four Children Murdered by Their Insane Mother, Who Takes Poison.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 17.—A terrible tragedy occurred at the home of James McNeal, Jr., a farmer, near Cannon Lake, Rice county. As McNeal was starting a fire in the kitchen stove he heard a report of three pistol shots in a bed room, and rushing to see what was the matter found three of his children lying in the bed with bullet holes in their bodies, while the oldest child, a daughter of years old, was choking from carbolic acid, which was given her by Mrs. McNeal, who also took a dose of the acid and shot herself. Three of the children are dead, while the other and mother are in a critical condition and there is but little hope of their recovery. Mrs. McNeal was suffering from insanity as the result of recent confinement.

An Indiana Deputy Marshal Killed.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 17.—Granville Cooperides, a one-armed young man, whose life had been threatened on sight by Deputy Marshal Miller, of Clay City, shot and killed Miller when the latter came into a saloon hunting for him. Miller suspected improper relations between Cooperides and Mrs. Miller. Cooperides escaped on horseback, but was caught this morning.

Short in His Accounts.

THREE RIVERS, Mich., Jan. 17.—C. W. Garrett was two years ago made ticket agent for the Lake Shore road here. During the last year he has been living a roving life. A special agent has been examining the office and has discovered a shortage of \$300. It is said his father has several times made up his deficiencies.

Turned Over to Gov. Lowry's Officers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Mike Donovan, Mike Cleary, and William Muldoon have been turned over to the Mississippi authorities to be taken to that State for trial for their connection with the Sullivan-Kilrain prize-fight. Just when they will be taken South has not yet been decided.

Death of a French Inventor.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—M. Lebel, inventor of the rifle known by his name, is dead.

If you once try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS for sick headache, biliousness, or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable; small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

Why continue the use of irritating powders, snuffs or liquids. Ely's Cream Balm, pleasant of application and a sure cure for catarrh and cold in the head, can be had for 50 cents. It is easily applied to the nostrils, is safe and pleasant, and is curing the most obstinate cases. It gives relief at once.

The proprietors of Ely's Cream Balm do not claim it to be a cure-all, but a sure remedy for catarrh, colds in the head and fever. It is not a liquid or a snuff, but is easily applied into the nostrils. It gives relief at once.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR EYES.

Dr. B. MINNER, the eminent oculist of Detroit, Mich., will visit every town in this county during the winter. Anyone suffering with weak eyes, or eyes abused by inferior glasses, should not fail to see him. Orders left at the post-office will be promptly attended to. No extra charge for examining or visiting patients at their homes.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

The California fruit union wants the duty on prunes increased to 3 cents a pound.

Four young negroes of the Kato tribe have arrived in New York from Liberia. They are to be educated at Nashville.

Men strike at Carnegie, Phipps & Co.'s Twenty-ninth street mill in Pittsburgh against the material furnished has been amicably settled.

ALBERT HABER, of Winnebago, Ill., who fell heir to \$50,000 and disappeared a month ago, has turned up at Traskville, Pa.

An electric street railway connecting Champaign and Urbana, Ill., is to be built shortly. The capital stock has been placed at \$150,000.

GEORGE FENNEY has been appointed receiver of the Canal Carrying and Wagon works at Valparaiso, Ind. The assets and liabilities are about \$20,000 each.

Z. J. DRAKE, of Marlboro, S. C., has been awarded a prize of \$1,000 for his long green corn crop of forty even ears produced on one acre in America—239 bushels.

The athletic committee of Harvard has decided that after the close of the season of 1889-90 Harvard shall not participate in any athletic sports outside of New England.

The appraisers of the western Kansas property of Lebold & Fisher of the Abilene bank, reported that the firm's real estate is worth \$103,315, and mortgaged for \$25,000.

C. C. POND of Jackson, Mich., has just purchased 14,258 acres of timber land in Lewis county, New York, which is said to be one of the largest land purchases ever made in the state.

The grand jury in the Hastings court at Petersburg, Va., returned "not a true bill" in the case of Gen. William Mahone, charged with feloniously shooting Herbert Harrison on the night of Nov. 5.

The sixth annual meeting of the Indiana Trotting and Racing Horse Breeders' association was held yesterday in Indianapolis. C. E. Wright was continued as president and J. S. Darnell as secretary.

At a meeting of railroad officials in New York it was decided to equalize rates on Southwestern business via Washington and Cincinnati on all lines except the Pennsylvania and New York central, which are permitted to fix higher rates.

One hundred heirs of Manassah H. Coyle, a Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, revolutionary soldier, held a meeting at Sharon, and formed the Coyle syndicate to negotiate the sale of the fortune estimated at \$50,000, which is now in court in England.

The Fulkerson well in Blackfoot county, Indiana, belonging to the Salamone Natural Gas company, of Fort Wayne, proves to be the largest gusher ever struck in Indiana. The capacity of the well is over 12,000,000 feet per day.

Criminal Notes.

SAMUEL MARLEY, a pioneer, hanged himself in a corn crib near Gobles, Mich.

GEORGE GILLET, has been arrested at Vincennes, Ind., on a charge of embezzling money from James Erwin of Chattanooga.

FRANK BOYLE, convicted of assault and sentenced to be hanged, has been granted a new trial by the Supreme court of North Carolina.

GOV. BUCKNER of Kentucky has fixed Thursday, Feb. 27, as the day for the execution of the murderer of Lexington for the murder of Bettie Lee.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—GRAINS.—Active. Wheat—Higher, advancing 1/2¢. Corn—Regular January 25¢, May 24 1/2¢, closing at 24 1/2¢. July 24 1/2¢, August 24 1/2¢, September 24 1/2¢, October 24 1/2¢, November 24 1/2¢, December 24 1/2¢.

Provisions.—Dull. Pork—January 48 1/2¢, February 48 1/2¢, March 48 1/2¢, April 48 1/2¢, May 48 1/2¢, June 48 1/2¢, July 48 1/2¢, August 48 1/2¢, September 48 1/2¢, October 48 1/2¢, November 48 1/2¢, December 48 1/2¢.

Seeds.—Quiet. Wheat—January 1 1/2¢, February 1 1/2¢, March 1 1/2¢, April 1 1/2¢, May 1 1/2¢, June 1 1/2¢, July 1 1/2¢, August 1 1/2¢, September 1 1/2¢, October 1 1/2¢, November 1 1/2¢, December 1 1/2¢.

Live Stock.—Receipts of cattle 15,000, business slow and prices unsettled on nearly all classes; some late arrivals were sold on account of the dull trade at the close. Receipts of hogs 3,000; in good demand and strong to a high price. Packers paid \$12.75 to \$13.00, largely \$12.75, and shippers paid \$12.75 to \$13.00, bulk \$12.75. Light sorts unchanged at \$12.75, sold largely \$12.75. Receipts of sheep 4,000; prices ruled irregular, but higher than any day this week.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The stock market this morning was unusually dull for the general list, but in the few leaders there was a fairly active business. Opening prices were generally slightly higher than last evening's closing figures, and in most of the active stocks further small fractional gains were made in the early trading. At 11 o'clock the market was dull and steady to firm, generally at a shade better than first prices. After 11 o'clock the upward movement soon became pronounced, and the market was fairly active and strong at about the best prices of the forenoon.

Money is easy at 4 1/2 per cent. Bar silver, 94 1/2.

New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—WHEAT—No. 2 Red strong; advanced 1/2¢; January, 84 1/2¢; February, 84 1/2¢; March, 84 1/2¢; April, 84 1/2¢; May, 84 1/2¢; June, 84 1/2¢; July, 84 1/2¢; August, 84 1/2¢; September, 84 1/2¢; October, 84 1/2¢; November, 84 1/2¢; December, 84 1/2¢.

CORN—No. 2 dull and steady; Mixed Western 22 1/2¢; Oats—No. 2 quiet and steady; Western 20 1/2¢; Provisions.—Dull.

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PROGRESS OF "LA GRIPPE"

AN ALARMING INCREASE OF CHICAGO'S DEATH RATE.

The Malady Now Creeping by the Cold Weather.—It is a Precursor of Cholera?

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—The expected diminution in the death rate which the cold weather was to accomplish is a direful failure. The reports of the deaths indicate an increase from day to day. Yesterday 127 deaths were recorded at the Health Office, the largest number in one day since the terribly hot summer day of July 17, 1887, when there were nearly 100 cases of fatal sunstroke. Eleven cases of death from influenza were reported.

The malignant character of the epidemic is evidenced by the fact that nearly all the cases were marked "sick three days." Of the total of 127 deaths, 79 were from bronchial and pulmonary affections, largely pneumonia, next to which came bronchitis and asthma. The pneumonia cases were generally marked "sick three days," and in each case the period of illness rarely extended over a week. The mortality as indicated by yesterday's report has been particularly severe among the southern wards, located in Hyde Park.

The deaths previously reported this week were 325, which was increased yesterday to 327 for the first five days of the week. The same rate of increase will make 634 for this week, as standing against 497 for last week, which was considered abnormally large. The difference is not understood until it is stated that yesterday's annual death rate per 1,000 was 42.47. Last week it was 24 per 1,000, and the prospect is that at the end of this week it will reach nearly if not quite 100 per 1,000, while last year it was only a fraction over 18.

Dr. De Pietra Santa, an eminent authority on this subject says: "To us it appears that the grippe is a precursor of influenza lies in the atmosphere. We see no other pathogenic agent whose influences are general or mobile enough to correspond with the peculiar features of the disease. The grippe is a precursor to an epidemic of cholera, and states that he has observed this to be the case in four different instances, it seems to us that this view is incorrect."

Dispatches from other cities indicating the progress of the disease follow:

New York.—The death rate in this city has fallen to its normal figure. There were 125 deaths for the past twenty-four hours, against 172 for the previous twenty-four hours.

Philadelphia.—The increase of the death rate in this city is creating great alarm. If the present average keeps up throughout the week the list will be the largest here for over fifty years.

Macon, Ill.—E. M. Duane, a leading grain buyer, formerly of Chicago, died here of pneumonia, originating in influenza. He was 28 years old.

Boone, Iowa.—Nearly every business house in town is crippled through employees being laid up with the grip. There are 300 cases here.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Influenza is losing its hold here, nearly all the ailing policemen having recovered.

Waco, Tex.—Every lawyer in town is suffering from grip, and Judge Conner has adjourned court for a week. Over four hundred people are suffering from the disease here.

Helena, Mont.—Work has been suspended on the Butte-Gallatin branch of the Northern Pacific owing to the prevalence of grip among the laborers. The hospitals here are crowded with sufferers.

Ottawa, Ont.—Lady Stanley, wife of the Governor-General, is seriously ill with what is believed to be an attack of la grippe. In consequence the usual reception at Rideau hall was not held.

Montreal.—Trains on the Montreal & Sorel road are canceled owing to the sickness of engineers from influenza.

Berlin.—The influenza is increasing in Westphalia. Work in the mines there is impeded by the ravages of the epidemic and in many cases the running of freight trains has had to be suspended.

London.—John H. Stringer, late manager for Wilson Barrett, then acting manager for the Gaiety Theater, and English agent for Minnie Palmer, died of influenza at Manchester. He was in perfect health a week ago.

The Princess Maud has taken to her bed ill with influenza.

The Duchess of Teck is laid up with bronchitis.

HEAVY FAILURE AT FRISCO.

Lucius D. Stone, Dealer in Saddlery, Goes Under to the Tune of \$200,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 17.—Lucius D. Stone, dealer in saddlery, has filed a petition in insolvency. Liabilities, \$200,000; assets not yet known. Among the principal creditors are the German Savings and Loan society, \$23,000; London and San Francisco bank, \$24,000; Donohoe, Kelly & Co., \$14,000. The assets include real estate valued at about \$100,000, all of which is heavily mortgaged.

Mr. Sullivan's Price.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 17.—L. R. Fulda, president of the California Athletic club, received a telegram from John Sullivan, of New York, offering arrangements till through with Mississippi authorities. Final and last terms are \$25,000 to meet Jackson.

Four Killed by an Explosion.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 17.—Four men were killed and several others badly wounded by the premature explosion of a blast at a camp near Johnson City, on the Atlantic & Ohio railroad, to-day. William Davis of Knoxville, was one of the killed.

Mr. Beecher's Successor Installed.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Plymouth church Thursday installed Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, the successor of the late Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, as pastor. Rev. Howard S. Bliss was installed as assistant pastor.

Representative Lawler of Ohio Dead.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 17.—Representative J. B. Lawler died this morning of la grippe. Senator Ashburne lies very low with it. His wife and son have arrived.

Will be Found an Excellent Remedy for sick headache. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them, prove this fact. Try them.

Waken Up Effectually.

A lethargic, dormant condition of the liver is hardly to be overcome with drastic cathartics and nauseous cholagogues. A healthy, active and far more effective means exists of arousing the organ when comatose. This is Host's Stomach Bitters, vouches for by the medical fraternity, tested by the public for many years. A recommendation by the literary organs of its secretive function, with the activity attendant upon health, a return to regularity of the bowels, and a renewal of digestion, are the no less happy and certain results of using the Bitters systematically. Its laxative effects is never painful and depressing, its tendency being to produce a copious action. A healthy, active and far more effective means exists of arousing the organ when comatose. This is Host's Stomach Bitters, vouches for by the medical fraternity, tested by the public for many years. A recommendation by the literary organs of its secretive function, with the activity attendant upon health, a return to regularity of the bowels, and a renewal of digestion, are the no less happy and certain results of using the Bitters systematically. Its laxative effects is never painful and depressing, its tendency being to produce a copious action.

Pear's Soap is the most elegant toilet adjunct.

THE "RESERVE" RULE.

Arguments in the Case of New York's Great Short-Stop, John M. Ward.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The case of the Metropolitan Exhibition company vs. John M. Ward, the famous short-stop of the New York base-ball club, was up again in Supreme court chambers to-day on the motion of the plaintiff to enjoin Ward from playing with any other club during the season of 1890. A great crowd was present. The proceedings were begun by ex-Judge Howland, who, in paying his respects to the league counsel, said that the national agreement contained three things which were distasteful to the American people—namely, boycotts, trusts, and slavery. The endeavor of a man like Ward to get away from New York was pathetic. He was the king of his profession, and the national agreement was also abhorrent.

Mr. Choate in replying said that Judge O'Brien really sat as umpire on the sports of the people, and if the people were fair in their sports, they would be all right in their serious moments. Between ten and twenty millions of people were interested in the outcome of this case. The plaintiff, Mr. Choate, claimed that the players could meanly what they said in their agreement. It was absurd for the defendant to come forward now and claim that "reserve" only meant that crowd must not play with others who had the league against the New York club, but that he might go outside.

The reason why the club had not sought to prevent players leaving, notwithstanding the "reserve" clause, until after the meeting between the brotherhood and league committees, was because it was only the contract of the club and not the players who did not sign it. Mr. Ward, however, had himself drawn up the agreement which the players signed, and in it was the "reserve" clause, and consequently they were bound by it.

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THE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

AVERAGE CIRCULATION OF DAILY AND WEEKLY 9,500.

LOCAL MATTERS.

1890. 1890.

\$5.50 PER TON. \$5.50.

A Happy New Year to All.

We will deliver in ton lots or over a very choice grade of Soranton coal at \$5.50 per ton. All other coal and wood in proportion. When we hit prices we hit them hard. Leave your orders with

SMITH & GATELEY.

Subscription and Advertising Rates.

DAILY—Per year payable in monthly installments \$6.00
 WEEKLY—Per year, in advance \$1.50

WE PUBLISH FREE.
 Marriage, death and obituary notices, without charge, also notices of church and society meetings.

WE PUBLISH AT HALF RATES.
 For cards of thanks, obituary poems, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.

THE GAZETTE
 Is the best advertising medium in Southern Wisconsin, and our rates are based on our circulation, and are cheap when so considered. Prices for local and distant advertising are uniformly furnished on application.

GAZETTE PRINTING CO.
 APRIL 15, 1890.

“No she! burned duck stuff.” No pea coal mixture. No shoddy business. No nonsense.

BLAIR & GOWDY,
 314 West Milwaukee St.

The best bargains ever offered in shoes, at M. Samuels' special sale.

To Rent—Basement under T. J. Zeigler's store.
 GEO. H. SMITH.

A few boarders wanted at 206 South Franklin street.

Grand special sale of boots and shoes at M. Samuels'.

Now is your time to buy, at M. Samuels' shoe sale.

D. Conger's office is the place for bargains in houses, lots, farms and western land.

—WANTED—An assistant at the kindergarten. Apply at 116 Park street.

If you want a fine, new home in this city, see me before you buy. D. CONGER.

FOR RENT—A front room at 104 Park Place facing the court house contains or south. Inquire on the premises.

Money to loan by D. Conger.

FOR RENT.—House No. 205 Division street, near high school. Wm. Ross.

Look—At those choice lots in the first ward for sale by D. CONGER.

To Rent—After the 6th of January the store at 15 North Main street will be to rent. Inquire at 15 North Main street.

Mrs. E. ZIMMERMAN.

FOR SALE CHEAP.
 It taken soon, new house and six acres of land on corner of Milton Avenue and Elida streets. In fine shape to sell in acre or half acre lots. D. CONGER.

Cust.
 One-third Nut and Range, two-thirds Pea coal, at \$5 per ton. Nut, range, No. 4, and Egg, at reduced price. Straight Rock Maple, Second Growth. Fine Blak, Poplar, and all kinds of wood sawed and split, at bottom prices. Leave orders at J. H. Myers' grocery. Telephone 62. D. K. JEFFERS.

The largest and best assortment of family and teacher's bibles at Sutherland's book store.

Advice to Mothers.
 Mrs. WISLAW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea, etc., etc.

Ladies clean your kid gloves with Mother's Glove cleaner; for sale only at Sutherland's book store.

Magnificent pictures finely framed at Sutherland's book store.

New supply of those bamboo easels at Sutherland's book store.

Jan. 14th Counters will be offered very low at our sale.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Jan. 14th White bed spreads lower than you ever bought them, at our sale.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Get your excelsior chairs for 1890 at Sutherland's book store.

Jan. 14th—Sale of toilet quilts at J. M. Bostwick & Son's.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A valuable patent. For particulars apply at Hemstreet's.

On the 10c. counter at Wheelock's: Chamois window cleaners, hammers, six kinds egg beater, tracing wheels, purses, monkey wrenches, egg boilers.

Jan. 14th Attend our Spread Sale. J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

For school books and school supplies call at Sutherland's Bookstore.

All underwear marked down to cost; ladies' and gent's hosiery at greatly reduced prices. Coats, fascinators, etc., cheaper than ever, at Spoon & Snyder's.

After you have made a tour of the market call at T. J. Zeigler's for bargains in clothing.

Jan. 14th—The time to buy toilet quilts, we have a sale on that day.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Jan. 14th—A grand special sale at J. M. Bostwick & Son's.

Heroes of the Dark Continent, all about Stanley's latest adventures. Orders taken by J. E. Campbell, 211 North Bluff street, Janesville, Wis.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR EYES.
 Dr. B. MINCE, the eminent oculist of Detroit, Mich., will visit every town in this county during the winter. Any one suffering with weak eyes, or eyes shaded by interior glands, should not fail to see him. Orders left at the post-office will be promptly attended to. No charge for examination.

MANUFACTURING.
 The citizens are invited to meet at the council chamber at 7:30 Friday evening, Jan. 17th, to discuss the question of whether or not we shall organize the "People's Manufacturing Aid Association." This is a matter that the people must decide. Every one who feels an interest in the prosperity of the city, is invited to be present. The aim and object of the association will be fully explained and an opportunity given to subscribe for stock. COMMITTEE.

BRIEFLETS.

—Hear Mr. Rowland to-night.
 The many sick folks around town are improving.

—Miss Addie Best is confined to the house by sickness.

—Hon. J. B. Doe is reported to be a little better to-day.

—Remember the meeting at the council chamber this evening.

—Henry Cook's Spectacular Burlesque Co. left this noon for Belvidere, Ill.

—Last evening of Mr. L. P. Rowland's services at the Congregational church.

—The Kindergarten will open Monday at one o'clock p. m.; at usual place.

—Four pounds of O. G. Java coffee for \$1.00 at the Bon Ton tea store to-morrow.

—Hear the Hon. R. G. Horr, at the Congregational church, Monday evening next.

—Reid Bros., the importers, shipped a fine Clydesdale horse to Green Bay to-day.

—There will be no service at Trinity church this evening owing to the illness of the rector.

—Miss Kitty Smith, of Beloit, is visiting the Misses Conley, No. 302 South River street.

—Every property holder should attend the meeting at the council chamber this evening.

—The Madison train on the O. M. & St. P. R., was cranked with a snow plow this morning.

—Mr. H. V. Allen left for Chicago this morning, for a few days' visit with relatives and friends.

—Nye and Riley appear at Madison to-night under the management of O. E. Mowley, of this city.

—Honest John Hommes, Kimball & Hall's right hand man, is confined to the house with gripple.

—The case of Gumber against Lanbe is still on trial at the circuit court, and will take several days yet.

—There is no better breakfast for a winter morning than breakfast cakes made from the Blue Cross flour.

—The Whist Club were very pleasantly entertained by Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Jackson, No. 57 Park Place last evening.

—Rook River Encampment No. 3, I. O. O. F., occupy Old Fellows hall this evening—regular semi-monthly meeting.

—Ira Bingham, of Koshkonong, was in the city to-day renewing his acquaintance with members of the Anglemore Club.

—There will be a wedding celebrated in another city shortly, in which a professional man from this city will take a prominent part.

—Monday is the regular monthly pay day for the Janesville Loan, Savings and Building Association. Stockholders will make a note of it.

—The Woman's Suffrage Society will meet to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock, in Mrs. Hawes' parlors. All who are interested are invited to be present.

—People's Lodge No. 460, Independent Order of Good Templars, assemble in regular weekly meeting this evening—lodge room in the Court Street M. E. church block.

—Attend the meeting at the council chamber this evening, and lend your assistance in organizing the company to assist in establishing new manufacturing industries.

—Mr. Horr, while a member of the house of representatives, was considered one of the ablest and most ready debaters in that body and could always secure a hearing.

—Olive Branch Lodge No. 36, Ancient Order of United Workmen, assemble in regular semi-monthly meeting this evening—lodge room in the Smith block, East Milwaukee street.

—The funeral of little Clayton, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. George Shurtliff, will be held from the residence to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock. At the close of the service the remains will be taken to Lodi for interment.

—The Concordia Society are making arrangements for their annual masquerade at Concordia hall Tuesday evening, February 4. Smith & Anderson's band will furnish the music. A general invitation is extended to the public.

—Prof. Williams' dancing school will open at Columbia Hall to-morrow afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. The term will be six lessons only. Tickets, \$1.50. All persons who dance will be charged 35 cents each session. Names are not enrolled.

—The case of the State against Johnson came up before Judge Patterson in the municipal court to-day. The complainant was Jerome Shmeel. It was alleged that the defendant bought a team of horses from the complainant under false pretence. Judge Patterson discharged the defendant.

—Some persons with more "nerve" than good sense, go up to the public library, and when they get ready to go home, pick out the best that they can, and leave an old one. One young man found his old one and they had not even left him an old one. Measures have been taken to find the guilty parties and make them "settle."

—The St. Cecilia Society met yesterday afternoon with Mrs. A. O. Wilson, No. 106 Dodge street. Instrumental selections were rendered by Miss Ada Pond, Mrs. W. T. Sherer, Mrs. O. B. Conrad and Mrs. Clarence Clark. Vocal music by Mrs. D. Clark and Miss Minnie Nowlan. A very entertaining program was read by Miss Stella Palmer on "The Oratorio."

—The county board of supervisors concluded the business of the January session last evening, being in session only one day and a half. The business of yesterday afternoon was mostly of a routine nature, being reports of committees.

ings will appear in the Gazette in a few days.
 —Two footpads the tourists came up before Judge Patterson in the municipal court to-day. They had spent the night in the county hotel and expressed a desire to stay as they were satisfied with the accommodation. The judge decided that forty-five days was about right for a man who would not work. This surprised them some but they had to take their medicine.
 —This evening closes the series of special religious services conducted by Mr. Rowland at the Congregational church. These meetings have been very helpful to those who have been able to attend regularly, and a full congregation should be present at the last service. All those who have been helped in any way during the past weeks are especially invited, that they may hear Mr. Rowland's parting words of counsel.

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